

Financial Statements With Independent Auditors' Report

December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Wesleyan Impact Partners, Inc. Austin, Texas

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Wesleyan Impact Partners, Inc., which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2024, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wesleyan Impact Partners, Inc. as of December 31, 2024, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of Wesleyan Impact Partners, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Prior Period Financial Statements

The financial statements of Wesleyan Impact Partners, Inc. as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, were audited by other auditors whose report dated March 21, 2024, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Wesleyan Impact Partners, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Board of Directors Wesleyan Impact Partners, Inc. Austin, Texas

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Wesleyan Impact Partners, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Wesleyan Impact Partners, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Irving, Texas

Capin Crouse 220

April 11, 2025

Statements of Financial Position

	December 31,					
		2024		2023		2022
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,335,848	\$	13,765,585	\$	12,269,743
Investments		6,398,755		6,519,843		5,862,027
Accrued interest receivable		796,455		689,891		689,599
Prepaid expenses and other assets		148,543		99,941		36,775
Loans receivable		100,247,496		92,642,476		98,005,192
Allowance for credit losses		(3,098,101)		(3,250,000)		(3,250,000)
Total Assets	\$	109,828,996	\$	110,467,736	\$	113,613,336
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS:						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	288,589	\$	315,177	\$	281,257
Deferred grant revenue		1,022,177		1,273,455		6,000
Investment certificates		70,753,714		72,036,377		77,873,242
Total liabilities		72,064,480		73,625,009		78,160,499
Net assets:						
Without donor restrictions		37,722,552		36,805,732		35,432,887
With donor restrictions		41,964		36,995		19,950
Total net assets		37,764,516		36,842,727		35,452,837
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	109,828,996	\$	110,467,736	\$	113,613,336

Statements of Activities

	Year Ended December 31,						
		2024		2023		2022	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS WITHOUT							
DONOR RESTRICTIONS:							
Support, revenue, and reclassifications:							
Interest income on loans	\$	4,910,805	\$	4,332,983	\$	4,261,064	
Investment income, net		365,057		640,771		(950,976)	
Reduction in allowance for credit losses		151,899		-		250,000	
Contributions		11,588		9,508		2,754	
Other income		338,314		381,957		334,566	
Satisfaction of purpose restriction		473		-		-	
Total support, revenue, and reclassifications		5,778,136		5,365,219		3,897,408	
Expenses:							
Interest expense		1,829,937		1,711,452		1,433,366	
Grants		120,647		328		_	
Operating expenses		2,910,732		2,280,594		2,121,937	
Total expenses		4,861,316		3,992,374		3,555,303	
Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions		916,820		1,372,845		342,105	
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS WITH							
DONOR RESTRICTIONS:							
Contributions		1,485		12,772		10,897	
Investment income, net		3,957		4,273		(1,328)	
Satisfaction of purpose restriction		(473)		-		-	
Change in Net Assets With Donor Restrictions		4,969		17,045		9,569	
Change in Net Assets		921,789		1,389,890		351,674	
Net Assets, Beginning of Year		36,842,727		35,452,837		35,101,163	
Net Assets, End of Year	\$	37,764,516	\$	36,842,727	\$	35,452,837	

Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31,						
		2024		2023	2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:							
Change in net assets	\$	921,789	\$	1,389,890	\$	351,674	
Adjustment to reconcile change in net assets to net		,		, ,		,	
cash flows provided (used) by operating activities:							
Change in value - interest in pooled funds held by							
Wespath Benefits and Investments		(369,014)		(657,558)		952,304	
Interest reinvested by certificate holders		1,829,463		1,711,452		1,430,566	
Reduction in allowance for credit losses		(151,899)		-		(250,000)	
Changes in:							
Accrued interest receivable		(106,564)		(292)		7,897	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(48,602)		(63,166)		83,690	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(26,588)		33,920		(37,896)	
Deferred grant revenue		(251,278)		1,267,455			
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,797,307		3,681,701		2,538,235	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:							
Proceeds from sale of investments		501,587		-		12,050,000	
Purchasers of investments		(11,485)		(258)		(20,900)	
Collections on loans receivable		7,513,974		9,970,551		8,736,918	
Issuance of loans receivable		(15,118,994)		(4,607,835)		(12,051,960)	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		(7,114,918)		5,362,458		8,714,058	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:							
Proceeds from issuance of investment certificates		11,073,394		7,482,356		3,079,633	
Redemption of investment certificates		(14,185,520)		(15,030,673)		(12,925,406)	
Net Cash Used by Financing Activities		(3,112,126)		(7,548,317)		(9,845,773)	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(8,429,737)		1,495,842		1,406,520	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		13,765,585		12,269,743		10,863,223	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	5,335,848	\$	13,765,585	\$	12,269,743	
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:							
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	752,495	\$	1,304,631	\$	601,377	
Matured investment certificates reinvested	\$	10,834,613	\$	8,900,765	\$	15,928,466	

See notes to financial statements

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

1. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION:

Wesleyan Impact Partners Inc. (formerly Wesleyan Investive) (WI) is incorporated as a nonprofit organization which, until December 31, 2018, was under the control of the General Board of Global Ministry (GBGM), an agency of the United Methodist Church. Commencing on January 1, 2017, GBGM transferred day to day management of all WI activities to Texas Methodist Foundation (TMF), a non-profit organization. On January 1, 2019, the parties entered into two agreements, and WI reorganized their entity under the laws of the State of Texas. A minority of directors on the WI's board of directors also serve on the TMF's board of directors, to aid in aligning the two ministries. TMF's officers and staff continue to manage WI's activities under the governance of the WI board of directors (the board).

WI provides first mortgage loans to Wesleyan-related churches and other Wesleyan-related organizations for the purchase, construction, expansion, or major improvement of churches, parsonages, or mission buildings. WI's primary activities include the sale of its investment certificates to Wesleyan-related individuals and organizations and the lending of those funds to local churches and other Wesleyan-related organizations.

WI is exempt from federal income taxes under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 501(c)(3) and applicable state statutes and is not a private foundation under IRC Section 509(a)(1).

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The financial statements of WI have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which gives recognition to income and related assets when earned and expenses and related liabilities when incurred. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates. The significant accounting policies followed are described below.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include interest-bearing time deposits and demand notes with original maturities of three months or less, except for short-term investments held by WI's investment managers as part of its long-term strategy. At December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, WI's cash balances that were either not federally insured, or exceeded federally insured limits, totaled \$5,183,334, \$13,432,114, and \$7,102,907, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued:

INVESTMENTS

WI reports investments at fair value. WI's entire portfolio is held and managed by Wespath Benefits and Investments (WBI). WI's investments are held in investment pools at WBI. Pro-rata ownership in the pools is determined under a system in which units of ownership are recorded to represent each member's share of the total market value of assets so WI reports its interest in the pooled funds at fair value. The change in value of WI's interest in pooled funds held by WBI is included within investment income, net on the statements of activities. Investment interest, dividends, appreciation or depreciation in market value are allocated based on each pool member's percentage of ownership represented by these units. Funds can generally be withdrawn same business day, with the exception of transaction requests of more than \$2 million, which may require up to 15 business days to process.

SUPPORT AND REVENUE

Contributions are reported as income when made, which may be when cash is received, unconditional promises to give are made, or when ownership of donated assets is transferred. All contributions are considered available for use without donor restrictions unless specifically restricted by the donor or subject to legal restrictions. Gifts of cash and other assets are classified as support with donor restrictions if they are received with donor-imposed restrictions that limit the use of donated assets. Donated goods are recorded at the fair market value at the time of donation.

Management has determined that the significant portion of WI's revenues are not subject to the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (Topic 606), including interest income on loans, investment income, and contributions. Management has determined several smaller revenue streams fall under the scope of Topic 606; however, further disclosures surrounding Topic 606 have been excluded due to immateriality.

EXPENSES

All expenses are recorded when incurred in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. The costs of providing the various program services and supporting activities have been allocated on a functional basis, determined by level of support effort.

INVESTMENT CERTIFICATES

Investment certificates consist of interest-bearing accounts with various term durations and are not insured by the FDIC or any other federal or state agency or private organization. A substantial portion of the investment certificates issued by WI are demand instruments or will be maturing within the next two years. In addition, flexible demand certificates are payable upon 15 days written notice subject to availability of funds. IRA certificates are payable upon 30 days written notice subject to availability of funds. WI has insufficient liquid assets to satisfy repayment of this amount. Management anticipates, similar to past history, that a substantial portion of these certificates will be reinvested or rolled over into new certificates with WI.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued:

LOANS RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES

Loans receivable are stated at their principal amount outstanding less the related allowance for credit losses. Interest income on loans is accrued and credited to income based on the principal amount outstanding. At December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, loans totaling \$5,647,218, \$4,980,038, and \$5,457,742, respectively, were guaranteed by conferences of the United Methodist Church.

Allowances for credit losses

WI recognizes an allowance for credit losses for financial assets carried at amortized cost to present the net amount expected to be collected as of the statement of financial position date. Such allowance is based on the credit losses expected to arise over the life of the asset (contractual term) which includes consideration of prepayments. Assets are written off when WI determines that such financial assets are deemed uncollectible. Write-offs are recognized as a deduction from the allowance for credit losses. Expected recoveries of amounts previously written off, not to exceed the aggregate of the amount previously written off, are included in determining the necessary reserve at the statement of financial position date.

WI utilizes a loss rate approach in determining its lifetime expected credit losses on its loans. This method is used for calculating an estimate of losses based primarily on WI's historical loss experience. In determining its loss rates, WI evaluates information related to its historical losses, adjusted for current conditions and further adjusted for the period of time that it can reasonably forecast. For the period of time beyond which it can reasonably forecast it applies immediate reversion based on the facts and circumstances as of the reporting date. WI concludes that it can reasonably support a forecast period of all loan segments for two years after the balance sheet date. WI's classifies loans based on the following portfolio segments: new customer loans, cash-secured loans, and existing customer loans. In situations where a loan does not share the same risk characteristics with other loans, WI measures those loans individually.

Qualitative and quantitative adjustments related to current conditions and the reasonable and supportable forecast period consider the following: current financial information, length of loan, presence or absence of a conference guarantee, collateral value, payment status, and the current and forecasted direction of the economic and business environment. Such forecasted information includes: GDP growth, unemployment rates, and church giving trends.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued:

LOANS RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES, continued

Allowances for credit losses, continued

WI also has off-balance sheet financial instruments, which include church standby letters of credit and construction loans. WI minimizes these risks through underwriting guidelines and prudent risk management techniques. WI estimates a liability for loan commitment that are not unconditionally cancellable by WI based on the likelihood of funding and an estimate of credit losses over the life after funding. Credit loss methodology is based on a loss rate approach that starts with the probability of funding based on historical experience and adjusted for current conditions and further adjusted for the period of time that can be reasonably forecast. For the period of time beyond which can be reasonably forecasted, WI applies immediate reversion based on the facts and circumstances as of the reporting date. WI has concluded that it can reasonably support a forecast period for two years after the statement of financial position date. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, WI recorded a liability of off-balance sheet unfunded commitments totaling approximately \$45,000 and \$162,000, respectively. Due to immateriality, this amount has been combined with the allowance for credit losses in the statements of financial position.

Credit quality indicators

WI categorizes its loans as performing or nonperforming. Status for performing and nonperforming loans is based on payment activity for the year. Payment activity is reviewed by management on a monthly basis to determine how loans are performing. Loans are considered to be nonperforming when days delinquent are greater than 60 days in the previous month. Loans are classified as delinquent when payments are 90 days overdue. WI evaluates such pooling decisions and adjusts as needed from period to period as risk characteristics and performance status change.

WI elects to present the accrued interest receivable balance separately in the statements of financial position from the amortized cost of the loans receivable. WI elected not to measure an allowance for credit losses for accrued interest receivable. For all classes of loans receivable, the accrual of interest is discontinued when the contractual payment of principal or interest has become 90 days past due and management believes, after considering economic and business conditions and collection efforts, that the principal or interest will not be collectible within the stated term of the loan. All accrued interest is reversed against interest income when a loan is placed on nonaccrual status. Interest received on nonaccrual loans, generally is either applied against principal or reported as interest income, according to management's judgment as to the collectability of principal. Loans are returned to accrual status when all the principal and interest amounts contractually due are brought current, there is a sustained period of repayment performance, and future payments are reasonably assured. WI did not write off any loan accrued interest receivables during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022. Due to the nature of the relationship with its borrowers, WI is willing to make accommodations with borrowers whose payments are not current, so long as such accommodations do not jeopardize the interests of WI's investors.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued:

LOANS RECEIVABLE AND ALLOWANCE FOR CREDIT LOSSES, continued

WI may also purchase participation interests in individual loans from third party lenders. Under these loan participation agreements, the third-party lenders maintain all records, collect all payments and remit monthly the appropriate pro rata share of both interest and principal collected on the loans. All loan participations are purchased without recourse and are secured by real property.

CLASSES OF NET ASSETS

The financial statements report amounts separately by class of net assets as follows:

Net assets without donor restrictions are those currently available at the discretion of the board for use in WI's operations, and those designated by the board for specific purposes.

Net assets with donor restrictions are those subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met either by actions of WI and/or the passage of time. When a donor restriction expires, this is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. As of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, net assets with donor restrictions were restricted for the Tom Locke Innovative Leaders Award Endowment Fund to foster innovation and entrepreneurship in the spiritual landscape particularly for those who demonstrated the ability to see beyond existing models. The disclosures required by the *Reporting Endowment Funds* topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) have not been included in these financial statements due to immateriality.

RECLASSIFICATIONS:

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the change in net assets for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued:

RECLASSIFICATIONS. continued:

The following changes were made:

	Balance Prior to Change		Red	classifications	Balance After the Change	
Statements of Financial Position:						
December 31, 2023:						
Assets:						
Accrued interest receivable	\$	709,491	\$	(19,600)	\$	689,891
Loans receivable	\$	97,382,780	\$	(4,740,304)	\$	92,642,476
Liabilities:	Ψ	77,502,700	Ψ	(1,710,501)	Ψ	22,012,170
Amounts held on behalf of GBGM	\$	4,759,904	\$	(4,759,904)	\$	-
December 31, 2022:						
Assets:						
Accrued interest receivable	\$	696,845	\$	(7,246)	\$	689,599
Loans receivable	\$	100,162,186	\$	(2,156,994)	\$	98,005,192
Liabilities:						
Amounts held on behalf of GBGM	\$	2,164,240	\$	(2,164,240)	\$	-
Statements of Cash Flows:						
Year ended December 31, 2023:						
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Changes in accrued interest receivable	\$	(12,646)	\$	12,354	\$	(292)
Net cash orovided by operating activities	\$	3,669,347	\$	12,354	\$	3,681,701
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Collections on loans receivable	\$	10,249,853	\$	(279,302)	\$	9,970,551
Issuance of loans receivable	\$	(7,470,447)	\$	2,862,612	\$	(4,607,835)
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	2,779,148	\$	2,583,310	\$	5,362,458
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Proceeds (repayments) of amounts held on behalf						
of others-General Board of Global Ministries	\$	2,595,664	\$	(2,595,664)	\$	-
Net cash used by financing activities	\$	(4,952,653)	\$	(2,595,664)	\$	(7,548,317)
Year ended December 31, 2022:						
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Changes in accrued interest receivable	\$	6,546	\$	1,351	\$	7,897
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,536,884	\$	1,351	\$	2,538,235
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Collections on loans receivable	\$	8,904,071	\$	(167,153)	\$	8,736,918
Issuance of loans receivable	\$	(12,452,292)	\$	400,332	\$	(12,051,960)
Net cash provided by investing activities	\$	8,480,879	\$	233,179	\$	8,714,058
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Proceeds (repayments) of amounts held on behalf						
of others-General Board of Global Ministries	\$	234,530	\$	(234,530)	\$	-
Net cash used by financing activities	\$	(9,611,243)	\$	(234,530)	\$	(9,845,773)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

3. INVESTMENTS:

The composition of investments held at WBI consist of the following:

	December 31,						
	2024		2023			2022	
At fair value:							
Interest in WBI pooled funds:							
Short Term Investment Fund-I Series	\$	613,834	\$	1,070,382	\$	1,017,354	
Fixed Income Fund-I Series		1,804,782		1,756,897		1,627,085	
Multiple Asset Fund-I Series		3,980,139		3,692,564		3,217,588	
	\$	6,398,755	\$	6,519,843	\$	5,862,027	

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE:

Loans receivable are generally approved for terms ranging from 10 to 20 years, but occasionally, to accommodate a particular situation, a term of up to 30 years may be approved. WI's board may increase or decrease the interest rates of a loan when the loan contracts permit or decrease the rate without regard to the contractual rate where appropriate, in relation to the prevailing rates and economic conditions.

A summary of loans receivable classified by loan portfolio segment is as follows:

	December 31,					
	2024	2023	2022			
New customer loans	\$ 10,568,084	\$ 3,870,211	\$ 11,323,166			
Cash-secured or conference-guaranteed loans	5,727,917	4,980,038	5,457,742			
Existing customer loans:						
Low risk loans	70,288,974	71,353,269	70,670,724			
Medium risk loans	4,907,494	8,650,115	7,200,277			
Higher risk loans	8,755,027	3,788,843	3,353,283			
	100,247,496	92,642,476	98,005,192			
Allowance for credit losses/loan losses	(3,098,101)	(3,250,000)	(3,250,000)			
Total loans receivable	\$ 97,149,395	\$ 89,392,476	\$ 94,755,192			

In the normal course of business, WI makes commitments to extend loans to meet the financing needs of its customers. At December 31, 2024, WI had outstanding commitments of approximately \$4,355,000 to fund construction in progress, undrawn lines of credit and real estate mortgages.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE, continued:

A summary of loans receivable at December 31, 2024, classified by interest rates, is as follows:

	December 31,					
	2024	2023	2022			
4.5% or less	\$ 44,912,630	\$ 59,221,820	\$ 67,236,307			
over 4 1/2 to 5%	12,644,325	16,710,540	20,583,898			
over 5 to 5 1/2%	2,325,202	2,929,711	7,647,683			
over 5 1/2% to 6%	6,373,030	685,659	76,765			
over 6% to 6 1/2%	19,160,455	3,111,593	215,462			
over 6 1/2% to 7%	3,104,114	3,043,745	1,001,269			
over 7% to 7 1/2%	7,716,529	5,665,054	-			
over 7 1/2% to 8%	3,510,633	745,746	1,243,808			
over 8% to 8 1/2%	67,578	220,479	-			
over 8 1/2%	433,000	308,129				
	100,247,496	92,642,476	98,005,192			
Allowance for credit losses/loan losses	(3,098,101)	(3,250,000)	(3,250,000)			
	\$ 97,149,395	\$ 89,392,476	\$ 94,755,192			
	Ψ 71,149,393	ψ 07,372,470	Ψ /+,/33,132			

The following summarizes the activity related to the allowance for credit losses for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, under the CECL methodology:

			Cash	n-Secured		
		New	or C	onference-	Existing	
	C	ustomers	Gu	aranteed	Customers	 Total
Balance, December 31, 2022 Transfers Charge-offs	\$	226,463 12,673	\$	27,289 (2,389)	\$ 2,996,248 (10,284)	\$ 3,250,000
Recoveries		-		-	-	-
Provision for credit losses		-		-	 _	_
Balance, December 31, 2023 Transfers		239,136 (36,041)		24,900 3,740	2,985,964 32,301	3,250,000
Charge-offs		-		-	-	-
Recoveries		-		-	-	-
Provision for credit losses		_		-	(151,899)	(151,899)
Balance, December 31, 2024	\$	203,095	\$	28,640	\$ 2,866,366	\$ 3,098,101

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE, continued:

Prior to the adoption of ASU 2016-13 on January 1, 2023, WI calculated the allowance for loan losses under the incurred loss methodology. The following table is the disclosure related to the allowance for loan losses in prior periods:

	 2022
Beginning of year Reduction in allowance for credit losses	\$ 3,500,000 (250,000)
End of year	\$ 3,250,000

The following table shows the amortized cost basis of a loan modified for a borrower experiencing financial difficulty during the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Α	mortized					
		Cost	Financial Effect				
			Restructured by lowering the interest rate from 9.20% to 3.95% and deferring principal payments				
Loans receivable	\$	1,449,838	until January 1, 2025				

There were no payment defaults which occurred within 12 month of the restructuring date during the year ended December 31, 2024. There were no loan modifications during 2024 for borrowers experiencing financial difficulties. The modified loans totaled 1.6% of WI's aggregate principal balance of total loans outstanding at December 31, 2023.

Prior to the adoption of ASU 2016-13, WI evaluated loans for impairment on an individual basis if the loan was more than 90 days past due. These loans were then given a specific allowance based on the estimated net realizable value of property serving as collateral. All other loans were evaluated for allowance on a collective basis. The following table presents WI's impaired loans as of December 31, 2022:

		Unpaid		Average	Interest
	Recorded	Principal	Related	Recorded	Income
	Investment	Balance	Allowance Investment		Recognized
Loans receivable	\$ 14,372,397	\$ 14,372,397	\$ 2,039,197	\$ 13,939,484	\$ 686,845

WI has not charged off interest on any loans during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE, continued:

The following table presents loans by credit quality indicator for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	New Customers	Cash-Secured or Conference-Guaranteed	Existing Customers	Total
				1000
Performing	\$ 10,568,084	\$ 5,727,917	\$ 81,664,139	\$ 97,960,140
Non-performing			2,287,356	2,287,356
	\$ 10,568,084	\$ 5,727,917	\$ 83,951,495	\$ 100,247,496

The following table presents loans by credit quality indicator for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	(New Customers	or	sh-Secured Conference- Guaranteed	Existing Customers	 Total
Performing Non-performing	\$	3,870,211	\$	4,980,038	\$ 82,266,315 1,525,912	\$ 91,116,564 1,525,912
	\$	3,870,211	\$	4,980,038	\$ 83,792,227	\$ 92,642,476

The following table presents loans by credit quality indicator for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	New Customers	Cash-Secured or Conference-Guaranteed	Existing Customers	Total
Performing Non-performing	\$ 11,323,166 -	\$ 5,457,742	\$ 81,037,416 186,868	\$ 97,818,324 186,868
	\$ 11,323,166	\$ 5,457,742	\$ 81,224,284	\$ 98,005,192

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE, continued:

Past due status is based on contractual terms of the loan. A loan is considered to be past due when a scheduled payment has not been received 30 days after the contractual due date. Loans are classified as delinquent when payments are 90 days overdue.

At December 31, 2024, WI had three delinquent loans with a principal balance of \$2,287,356. The amount of interest and principal payments owing on these loans totaled \$79,551. Interest income recognized on these loans during 2024 totaled \$127,001. The delinquent loans totaled 2.3% of WI's aggregate principal balance of total loans outstanding at December 31, 2024. At December 31, 2023, WI had one delinquent loan with a principal balance of \$176,821. The amount of interest and principal payments owing on this loan totaled \$69,323. Interest income recognized on this loan during 2023 totaled \$8,771. The delinquent loan totaled 0.2% of WI's aggregate principal balance of total loans outstanding at December 31, 2023. At December 31, 2022, WI had one delinquent loan with a principal balance of \$186,868. The amount of interest and principal payments owing on this loan totaled \$65,360. Interest income recognized on this loan during 2022 totaled \$8,183. The delinquent loan totaled 0.2% of WI's aggregate principal balance of total loans outstanding at December 31, 2022.

An aging analysis of the principal of past due loans receivable by portfolio segment as of December 31, 2024, is as follows:

	 New Customers	or	sh-Secured Conference- Guaranteed	 Existing Customers		Total
Past due:						
31-60 days	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 4,149,788	\$	4,149,788
61-90 days	-		-	-		-
Greater than 90 days			-	 2,287,356		2,287,356
Total past due	-		-	6,437,144		6,437,144
Current	10,568,084		5,727,917	 77,514,351		93,810,352
	\$ 10,568,084	\$	5,727,917	\$ 83,951,495	\$ 1	100,247,496

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE, continued:

An aging analysis of the principal of past due loans receivable by portfolio segment as of December 31, 2023, is as follows:

	(New Customers	or	sh-Secured Conference- Guaranteed	Existing Customers	Total
Past due:						
31-60 days	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 814,577	\$ 814,577
61-90 days		-		_	1,349,091	1,349,091
Greater than 90 days					176,821	176,821
Total past due		-		-	2,340,489	2,340,489
Current		3,870,211		4,980,038	81,451,738	90,301,987
	\$	3,870,211	\$	4,980,038	\$ 83,792,227	\$ 92,642,476

An aging analysis of the principal of past due loans receivable by portfolio segment as of December 31, 2022, is as follows:

	(New Customers	or	sh-Secured Conference- Guaranteed		Existing Customers		Total
Past due:	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	
31-60 days	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
61-90 days		-		-		-		-
Greater than 90 days		_		_		186,868		186,868
Total past due		-		-		186,868		186,868
Current		11,323,166		5,457,742		81,037,416		97,818,324
	\$	11,323,166	\$	5,457,742	\$	81,224,284	\$	98,005,192

As of December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, the balances of loans on nonaccrual status were \$1,349,091, \$176,821 and \$186,868, respectively. Interest income earned on these loans totaled \$33,751, \$0, and \$0 at December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE, continued:

Loans receivable at December 31, 2024, are expected to mature as follows:

Year		
2025	\$	270,163
2026		176,100
2027		475,414
2028		161,631
2029		1,124,257
Thereafter	9	8,039,931
	\$ 10	0,247,496

At December 31, 2024, WI had 144 outstanding loans with balances as follows:

Number of	Principal	Percent of
Loans	Outstanding	Loan Portfolio
67	\$ 7,571,916	7%
22	8,537,364	9%
25	18,975,760	19%
19	26,188,562	26%
10	31,349,081	31%
1	7,624,813	8%
144	\$ 100,247,496	100%
	Loans 67 22 25 19 10 1	Loans Outstanding 67 \$ 7,571,916 22 8,537,364 25 18,975,760 19 26,188,562 10 31,349,081 1 7,624,813

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

4. LOANS RECEIVABLE, continued:

Although WI has no geographic restrictions within the United States on where loans are made, aggregate loans equal to or in excess of five percent of total balances at December 31, 2024, were located in the following states:

	Number of	Principal	Percent of
State	Loans	Outstanding	Loan Portfolio
California	18	\$ 11,105,596	11%
Pennsylvania	7	10,677,685	11%
Florida	4	8,479,688	8%
Georgia	4	8,277,957	8%
New York	12	7,445,268	7%
New Jersey	15	5,607,887	6%
Maryland	5	5,143,300	5%
	65	\$ 56,737,381	56%

Concentrations of credit risk exist with respect to individually significant borrowers, which are defined as those exceeding five percent of the total loan portfolio. At December 31, 2024, there was one individually significant borrower whose balance totaled \$7,624,814.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

5. CERTIFICATES:

Interest on certificates accrues daily, paid or reinvested monthly, and is subject to forfeiture under certain circumstances for early redemption. Certificates are redeemable at end of terms ranging from one to five years or on demand and earn interest at variable rates (from 0.85% to 4.40% at December 31, 2024).

Certificates consist of the following:

		December 31,			
	2024	2023	2022		
Demand:					
Flexible demand certificates	\$ 23,458,532	\$ 22,872,188	\$ 24,987,135		
IRA certificates	2,729,683	2,775,750	3,217,147		
	26,188,215	25,647,938	28,204,282		
Term:					
One year	26,520,805	17,559,006	13,537,618		
Two year	3,922,325	4,435,874	5,273,709		
Three year	8,134,000	9,604,953	12,749,355		
Four year	1,638,073	2,179,385	4,657,115		
Five year	4,350,296	12,609,221	13,451,163		
	44,565,499	46,388,439	49,668,960		
	\$ 70,753,714	\$ 72,036,377	\$ 77,873,242		

Amounts are presented in the schedule below based on the year in which the investment certificates are scheduled to mature. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the demand certificates shown below are payable upon 15 days written notice subject to availability of funds.

Year of Maturity	Amount
Demand	\$ 26,188,215
2025	35,111,084
2026	4,848,521
2027	3,161,967
2028	810,078
2029	633,849
	\$ 70,753,714

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

5. CERTIFICATES, continued:

At December 31, 2024, WI had 62 certificates with balances of \$100,000 or more as follows:

			Percent of
			Certificate
	Number of		Balances
Certificate Balances	Certificates	Amount	Outstanding
\$100,000 - \$200,000	34	\$ 4,217,630	6%
\$200,001 - \$300,000	10	2,353,642	3%
\$300,001 - \$500,000	3	960,041	1%
Greater than \$500,000	14	25,552,596	36%
Related parties	1	15,520,518	22%
	62	\$ 48,604,427	68%

At December 31, 2024, WI had 2,280 certificates, with the primary concentrations by state as follows:

			Percent of
			Certificate
	Number of		Balances
State	Certificates	Amount	Outstanding
Georgia	35	\$ 18,724,389	26%
Texas	256	18,221,119	26%
California	99	4,725,876	7%
South Carolina	32	4,380,049	6%
	422	\$ 46,051,433	65%

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

WI uses appropriate valuation techniques to determine fair value based on inputs available. When available, WI measures fair value using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value. Level 3 inputs are only used when Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available. The valuations for each of these levels are determined as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets.

Level 2 - Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets or model-based valuations where significant assumptions are observable.

Level 3 - Model-based techniques using significant assumptions that are not observable. These unobservable assumptions reflect estimates of assumptions that market participants would use.

The table below presents the level within the fair value hierarchy at which investments are measured at December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022:

	 Total	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
2024:							
Interest in WBI pooled funds:							
Short-term Investment							
Fund-I Series	\$ 613,834	\$	-	\$	613,834	\$	-
Fixed Income Fund-I Series	1,804,782		-		1,804,782		-
Multiple Asset Fund-I Series	 3,980,139				3,980,139		
	\$ 6,398,755	\$	_	\$	6,398,755	\$	
2023:							
Interest in WBI pooled funds:							
Short-term Investment							
Fund-I Series	\$ 1,070,382	\$	-	\$	1,070,382	\$	_
Fixed Income Fund-I Series	1,756,897		-		1,756,897		-
Multiple Asset Fund-I Series	 3,692,564				3,692,564	-	
	\$ 6,519,843	\$		\$	6,519,843	\$	

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

6. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, continued:

	Total	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		
2022: Interest in WBI pooled funds:								
Short-term Investment								
Fund-I Series	\$ 1,017,354	\$		-	\$	1,017,354	\$	-
Fixed Income Fund-I Series	1,627,085			-		1,627,085		-
Multiple Asset Fund-I Series	3,217,588					3,217,588		-
	\$ 5,862,027	\$		_	\$	5,862,027	\$	_

The following methods and assumptions were used by WI to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instruments at December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022:

Pooled investment funds

The investments in the WBI pooled funds are valued as reported by the investment managers at net asset value (NAV). WI's interest is carried at approximated fair value and classified under Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy as WI has the ability to redeem its investment in the pool at net asset value per share (or its equivalent) either at the reporting date or within a 15-day notice period. WI is not able to apply the practical expedient for net asset value for interest in the pooled funds as Wespath Benefits and Investments is not considered an investment company as defined by topic 946 of the FASB ASC. There are no capital calls on the pooled funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

7. FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES:

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to one or more program or supporting functions of WI, which are primarily allocated on estimates of time and effort. The following tables present the functional allocation of expenses for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022.

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2024						
	Program		General and				
		Services		Administrative		Total	
Interest expense Contract labor	\$	1,829,937 889,131	\$	- 359,094	\$	1,829,937 1,248,225	
Promotional		997,970		106,416		1,104,386	
Other		61,120		287,673		348,793	
Professional fees		164,943		44,385		209,328	
Grants		120,647		-		120,647	
Total	\$	4,063,748	\$	797,568	\$	4,861,316	
		For the Ye	ar En	ded Decembe	er 31, 2023		
		Program	Ge	eneral and			
		Services	Adn	ninistrative		Total	
_							
Interest expense	\$	1,711,452	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	1,711,452	
Contract labor		872,587		352,413		1,225,000	
Promotional		513,705		28,106		541,811	
Other		41,151		279,800		320,951	
Professional fees		154,901		38,259		193,160	
Total	\$	3,293,796	\$	698,578	\$	3,992,374	

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

7. FUNCTIONAL ALLOCATION OF EXPENSES, continued:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2022							
	Program		General and					
	Services		Administrative		Total			
Interest expense	\$	1,433,366	\$	_	\$	1,433,366		
Contract labor		781,654		333,346		1,115,000		
Promotional		576,581		70,576		647,157		
Other		50,555		181,645		232,200		
Professional fees		91,938		35,642		127,580		
Total	\$	2,934,094	\$	621,209	\$	3,555,303		

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, these expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include contract labor, which is allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

8. LIQUIDITY AND FUNDS AVAILABLE:

The following reflects WI's financial assets as of December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, reduced by amounts not available for general expenditure within one year. Financial assets are considered unavailable when illiquid or not convertible to cash within one year, donor-restricted funds restricted by purpose or time, liquidity reserve limits required for church extension funds, assets held for others, or because the board has set aside funds for specific purposes. These board designations could be drawn upon if the board approves that action.

	December 31,					
	2024	2023	2022			
Financial assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accrued interest receivable Loans receivable (gross) Less allowance for credit losses	\$ 5,335,848 6,398,755 796,455 100,247,496 (3,098,101)	\$ 13,765,585 6,519,843 689,891 92,642,476 (3,250,000)	\$ 12,269,743 5,862,027 689,599 98,005,192 (3,250,000)			
Financial assets, at year-end	109,680,453	110,367,795	113,576,561			
Less those unavailable for general expenditure within one year, due to: Loans receivable collectible beyond one year Board-designated for endowment Church extension fund required	(99,977,333) (38,399)	(88,051,277) (26,513)	(92,905,776) (23,191)			
liquidity reserves *	(4,245,223)	(4,322,183)	(4,672,395)			
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	\$ 5,419,498	\$ 17,967,822	\$ 15,975,199			

^{*} The North American Securities Administrators Association's statement of policy regarding church extension fund securities states that at the end of its most recent fiscal year as reported in its audited financial statements, the church extension fund's cash, cash equivalents, readily marketable securities and available lines of credit shall have a value of at least 8% of the principal balance of its total outstanding certificates, except that the value of available lines of credit for meeting this standard shall not exceed 2% of the principal balance of its total outstanding certificates.

WI structures its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due. WI also has a \$10,000,000 line of credit agreement as noted in Note 9, of which \$10,000,000 was available on the line of credit as of December 31, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

9. <u>LINE OF CREDIT:</u>

WI has a \$10,000,000 revolving line of credit with a financial institution which bears interest at the Daily Simple Secured Overnight Financing Rate (4.49% at December 31, 2024) plus 1.85%. There were no advances outstanding at December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022. The line of credit matures on June 30, 2026, and is secured by substantially all of WI's assets, including investments and loans receivable, and requires WI to meet certain financial covenants, including unrestricted tangible net assets and interest coverage ratio. WI was in compliance with all covenants as of December 31, 2024.

10. AGREEMENT WITH TMF:

On January 1, 2019, WI entered into an Employee Sharing Agreement and an Administrative Services Agreement with TMF. Under the Administrative Services Agreement and the Employee Sharing Agreement, TMF causes its employees to conduct the day-to-day business of WI in the sale of WI's investment obligations, the management of WI's loan portfolio, the administrative procedure for reviewing loan applications and extending and documenting new loans, management of WI's investments, investor relations, accounting, regulatory compliance, and marketing. The two agreements provide to TMF certain operational authority to discharge its management responsibilities. That authority includes, among other things, the authority to install and utilize new hardware and software computer systems, to develop new operational policies and procedures, and to establish and maintain reasonable accounting and reporting systems and internal controls designed to help WI protect its assets. Under the two agreements, TMF does not have authority to bind WI. WI retains its authority over matters handled by TMF and exercises decision-making authority with respect to the making of loans and raising of funds, including the sale of investment obligations.

The board of directors of TMF and WI have determined that these two agreements, and the operational efficiencies they have achieved, advance the exempt purposes and missional priorities of the two entities.

Administrative expenses, which are primarily for services rendered by TMF, are reimbursed by WI under agreement with TMF. During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, WI incurred expenses totaling \$1,400,000, \$1,400,000, and \$1,200,000, respectively, related to administrative expenses with TMF.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

WI held cash and cash equivalents from organizations affiliated with certain board members totaling \$1,647,054 as of December 31, 2022. WI had investment certificates with a board member affiliated with GBGM and other investors totaling \$17,817,089 and \$20,286,329 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. GBGM was no longer a related organization in 2024.

As of December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, TMF's balance included in certificates totaled \$15,520,518, \$14,626,334, and \$9,805,361, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, WI has investments in TMF funds totaling \$0, \$9,448,834, and \$9,172,255, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022

12. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK:

Financial instruments that potentially subject WI to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and loans receivable. From time to time WI may have deposits in excess of federal deposit insurance limits. See Note 2 for amounts in excess of these insurance limits. At December 31, 2024, WI's investment portfolio was held by Wespath Benefits and Investments. WI has not experienced any losses on these accounts.

WI provides loans solely to churches which draw their origin from the Wesleyan Reform movement as expressed through several denominations. A church borrower's ability to repay their mortgage obligation is dependent on their parishioners' financial support of the local church. Factors such as unemployment, aging congregations, and declining church attendance can result in a reduction in a borrower's contribution income, which could impair their ability to repay their loan obligation.

13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 11, 2025, which represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events after that date have not been evaluated.